

### Bringing Undo to system admin: a new paradigm for recovery

Aaron Brown UC Berkeley CS Division

abrown@cs.berkeley.edu http://roc.cs.berkeley.edu

# Motivation

#### Recovery is important

- people screw up
- software and hardware break
- upgrades fail
- hackers break in
- etc.
- and sysadmins have to clean up the mess » can we make life easier?



# What makes recovery easy?

- Not having to think about it beforehand
  - do you have a backup strategy to handle your typos?
- Having a consistent strategy system-wide
  - no trying to disambiguate user/system data
- Being familiar with it
  - recovery: it's not just for catastrophes anymore
  - easy recovery => more freedom to experiment, learn
- $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$  Not having to do it at all
  - export recovery to users
- This is not what we have today!



# Undo: a new recovery paradigm

- Make system recovery as painless and natural as undoing mistakes in a word processor
- Continuous recovery with undo: the 3 R's
  - Rewind: roll system state backwards to any time point
  - **Repair:** fix problem; reconfigure to avoid problem
  - **Redo:** roll system state forward, replaying user interactions lost during rewind



# Undo makes recovery easy

- No explicit definition of recovery points
- Covers system and user data
  repair corruption, virus damage, trojans, ...
- Redo means no loss of user data on rollback
- Provides forgiving environment
  - encourages learning via experimentation
- Can export to users



## Status

- Now: defining the conceptual model
  - input welcome! would undo improve your life? where would you like to see it?
- Next: studying implementation techniques
  - no-overwrite storage
  - logging of state and user actions
  - using dependencies between state to guide rollback
- Goals:
  - proof-of-concept implementation (email service)
  - set of design guidelines for building undo-recoverable systems





#### Aaron Brown, UC Berkeley abrown@cs.berkeley.edu

This work is part of the ROC (Recovery-Oriented Computing) Project, run by Dave Patterson http://roc.cs.berkeley.edu

